Dr. Tyler Kent Tylerkentmd.com DISTAL BICEPS TENDON REPAIR REHABILITATION PROTOCOL

PRECAUTIONS	- Use splint at all times for 2 weeks
	- Use pillows to support operative arm when sitting or sleeping
	- No active supination
Post-Operative Goals	- Pain and edema control; Cryotherapy and elevation
	- Proper splint positioning and compliance
	- Home Exercise Program (HEP) daily
	- Edema and pain control
	- Protect surgical repair
	- Wrist, hand, shoulder Range of Motion (ROM)
Treatment	- Shoulder pendulums in splint
Recommendations	- Shoulder Passive ROM (PROM) exercises, caution with active
	ROM (AROM)
	- Pain-free distal AROM: Wrist and hand AROM
	- ADL training
	- Initiate and emphasize importance of HEP
Criteria for	- Decreasing discomfort at rest
Advancement	- Adequate wound healing
	- Independent with ADLs
	- Independent with home exercise program (HEP)

Phase I, 0-1 weeks. NO elbow ROM or supination, splint at all times.

Phase II, 2-6 weeks. NO active elbow flexion or supination; gradual increase in ROM

PRECAUTIONS	 Avoid weight bearing on operative upper extremity
	- Brace locked at 90° except when performing HEP
	- Use elbow brace at all times for 8 weeks except when bathing,
	dressing, icing or performing home exercise program (HEP)
	- No active elbow flexion
	- No active supination
	- Avoid pain during ROM exercises
	- No forced stretching
Post-Operative Goals	- Physical Therapy (PT) 1-2x/week
	- HEP daily
	- Edema and pain control
	- Protect surgical repair
	- Gradual return of motion with goal of ROM 15-130° by week 6
Treatment	ROM Goals – DO NOT FORCE BUT ASSESS FOR STIFFNESS
Recommendations	- Weeks 2-3: 45-100°
	- Weeks 4-5: 30-115°
	- Weeks 6-7: 15-130°
	Exercises
	- Active extension, passive flexion
	- Continue wrist, hand, shoulder ROM
	- Scapular strengthening
	- Gripping exercises
	- Triceps isometrics (week 5)
Criteria for	- No pain at rest
Advancement	- Must meet ROM advancement criteria as listed above
	- Tolerance of exercises without discomfort

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Phase III, 6-12 weeks. Regain full ROM, begin AROM and gentle strengthening

PRECAUTIONS	- No lifting objects >1lb
	- Discontinue the brace at week 8
	- No active elbow flexion or supination until week 8
	- Avoid pain during ROM and strengthening exercises
	- No forced stretching
Post-Operative Goals	- Physical Therapy (PT) 1-2x/week
	- HEP daily
	- Full ROM
	- Protect surgical repair
Treatment	Weeks 6-8:
Recommendations	- Full elbow ROM
	- Active extension, AA/P flexion
	- Continue wrist, hand, shoulder ROM
	- Begin cuff/deltoid isometrics
	Weeks 8-12:
	- Begin biceps isometrics
	- Active flexion against gravity (week 8)
	- Resistive strengthening cuff/deltoid
	- Upper body ergometry (week 10)
Criteria for	- Full ROM
Advancement	- Tolerance of exercises without discomfort

Phase IV, 12-24 weeks. Improve Strength

PRECAUTIONS	- SLOW progression of resistance training
FILCAUTIONS	
	- Avoid pain during ROM and strengthening exercises
Post-Operative Goals	- Physical Therapy (PT) 1-2x/week
	- HEP daily
	- Improve strength
Treatment	Weeks 12-16:
Recommendations	- ROM and stretching exercises as needed
	- Elbow flexion and supination resistive strengthening
	Weeks 16-24:
	- Progress strengthening as tolerated
	- Plyometrics and sport specific exercises
Criteria for	- Full ROM
Advancement	- Tolerance of exercises without discomfort

Phase V, 24+ weeks. Return to all activities

Criteria for return to all activities	 Quantitative assessments = 90% of contralateral extremity Movement patterns, functional strength, flexibility, motion, endurance, power, and accuracy to meet demands of sport. Increase cardiovascular load to match that of desired activity.
	 Collaborate with ATC, performance coach/strength and conditioning coach, skills coach and/or personal trainer to monitor load and volume as return to participation. Consult with MD on timing return to sport including any limitations.